Preview, Amsco 482-5 and Chapter 25, Diplomacy and World War II

Key Terms and People: Washington Naval Conference, Kellogg-Briand Pact, Stimson Doctrine Good Neighbor Policy, Reciprocal Trade Agreements, Nye Committee, Neutrality Acts of 1935, 36, and 37, America First Committee, Munich Conference, "Cash and Carry", Selective Service Act of 1940, Destroyers for Naval Base deal, Wendell Willkie, "Arsenal of Democracy", Lend-Lease Act, Atlantic Charter, Shoot on Sight, War Production Board, Office of Price Administration, Smith Connally Act, CORE, Braceros, zoot suit riot, Korematsu v. United States, D-Day, Midway, Manhattan Project, Casablanca Conference, Teheran Conference, Yalta Conference, Potsdam, United Nations

- 1. Was the United States isolationist during the 20's? Explain.
- 2. What was F.D.R.'s policy toward Latin America during the 1930's? Why did he adopt this policy? Would you compare this policy to that of any previous President? Explain.
- 3. What economic policies did the United States follow in regard to Europe during the 1930's? Why?
- 4. Why were the Neutrality Act of 35, 36, and 37 passed? How did each address a reason for U.S. entry into World War I? How might these laws have affected the outcome of the Spanish Civil War?
- 5. At what point did the United States abandon its policy of neutrality towards Axis aggression? Explain. At what point did the U.S. actively support the Allies?
- 6. Why did the Japanese attack Pearl Harbor?
- 7. How did the Federal Government raise revenue during the war?
- 8. How did the war affect the following groups of people on the home front: Women; African Americans; Mexicans; Japanese Americans;
- 9. How did the government try to shape public opinion during the war?
- 10. What were the reasons behind Truman's decision to use Atomic bombs against Japan? Did he have other options? Explain.