

Quiz Preview: Brinkley, Chapter 5 (pp. 126 – 131) and Chapter 6

Key Terms and People: Articles of Confederation, Land Ordinance of 1785, Northwest Ordinance, Shays' Rebellion, Philadelphia Convention, Virginia Plan, New Jersey Plan, Great Compromise, 3/5 Compromise, Electoral College, Beard Thesis, Federalists, Anti-Federalists, *Federalist Papers*, *Federalist 10*, Bill of Rights, George Washington, Alexander Hamilton, Thomas Jefferson, cabinet, Bill of Rights, Judiciary Act of 1789, Hamilton's Financial Program, protective tariff, national bank, loose constructionism, strict constructionism, whiskey tax, Whiskey Rebellion, assumption of state debts, Proclamation of Neutrality, Citizen Genet Affair, Jay Treaty, Pinkney Treaty, XYZ affair, Quasi War, Alien and Sedition Acts, Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions

1. Explain the powers of the national government and state governments under the Articles of Confederation. Why was such a government created?
2. What were the failures of the national government during the 1780s? What were its successes?
3. Why was a Constitutional Convention called together in 1787?
4. How would you characterize those who served as delegates to the Constitutional Convention? Were all groups of Americans represented? Explain. What were the concerns of the delegates?
5. In what ways was the convention divided? In what ways was it not divided?
6. Explain three compromises of the Convention. Do you think these compromises weakened or strengthened the Constitution?
7. Read "The Background of the Constitution (p. 136). How have historians differed in their points of view regarding the "intent" of framers of the Constitution?
8. Explain the arguments of the Federalists and Anti-Federalists? Why did the Federalists eventually prevail?
9. Explain Hamilton's financial program. Why did he believe these policies would strengthen the United States?
10. Explain the positions of Federalists (Hamilton) and Democratic Republicans (Jefferson) on the following issues: paying debt at par, assumption of state debts, protective tariff, excise tax on whiskey, national bank, power of the federal government, support for Britain and France in foreign policy. Explain the reasons for each group's positions on these issues.
11. What foreign policy problems did Washington face as president? How did he respond to them? How did the Jeffersonians react to Washington's policies?

12. What advice did Washington give in his farewell address? How was his advice a reaction to issues he faced as President?
13. Why did Congress pass and President Adams sign into law the Alien and Sedition Acts?
14. Explain the Jefferson and Madison's view of the Constitution as expressed in the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions? Is it a valid view? A dangerous one? Explain.